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THE South-Carolina Gazette:

Containing the freſheſt Advices Foreign and Domeſtick.

From Saturday, NOVEMBER 15. to Saturday, NOVEMBER 22. 1735.

Paris, Auguſt 6.

NEws is grown a mighty ſcarce Commodity in this City, either true or artificial; Imagination us'd to form a great deal to ſupply a Want, than which nothing could appear more terrible to the little active Spirits of France, whoſe conſtant Agitation required a perpetual Fund to work on; but of a ſudden the People are turn'd ſo heavy, idle and indiſpos'd, that we can extract nothing conſiderable for your Amuſement, or for the Amuſement of your Readers. I know not how this Humour has emptied it ſelf in France; perhaps ſome may have been drawn off in the Battles of Parma and Guaſtalla, not a little diſcharg'd in pious Convulſions at M. Paris's Tomb, and elſewhere; and the reſt ſeems to have languiſh'd and fallen into the Heels of Men of all Conditions, as may be judg'd by the many Balls and Cornick Entertainments happened of late, to the great Eaſe and Tranquility of the Brain, which has very little Exerciſe at preſent. Whilſt we are in this Suſpence, however, I may relate a ſhort Story, which I received in my laſt Letters from our Army in the Mantuan, tho' the Hero of it is no greater Man than a Corporal of Foot. The Provoſt with his Guards patroling in the Country, took four Deſerters, of which the Corporal was one, and brought them into the General Quarters, where they paſt the Trial of a Regimental Court Martial; the Officers knowing their Corporal to be a good Soldier, and diligent in his Duty, would fain have ſav'd his Life; but the Evidence being full, and not a Circumſtance in his Favour, they were obliged to condemn him with the reſt; but as one of the Provoſt's Officers was conducting the Priſoners from the Court Martial, the Corporal found Means, as ſome think, with the Officer's Connivance, to make his Eſcape. Upon this Occaſion, the Provoſt's Officer was charged Priſoner himſelf, and was to be try'd for his Life alſo; but the Corporal hearing of it, and picqu'd in Honour, that another Perſon was likely to ſuffer for his Fault, return'd that Night to the Priſon, begg'd the Officer's Pardon, and would have ſurrendered himſelf to the Execution of his Sentence. The Officer, after ſome conflict in his Mind, at the Generoſity of the Soldier, determined to ſtand the Iſſue of it, told him he had ſome Friends in the Army, whereby he might eſcape; and as his Caſe was certain Death, conjur'd him to be gone, and gave him Money to provide for his Safety. The Corporal goes away, but hearing ſoon that the Matter went hard with the Officer Priſoner, inſtead of taking immediate Flight, conveys himſelf to the Marſhal de Noailles's Quarters, throws himſelf at the Feet of his General, and begs for the Life of a Man who was about to ſuffer on his Account. The Marſhal was ſo taken with the Singularity of the Affair, that he at once pardoned both the Officer of the Provoſt and the Soldier.

On Monday Night one of the Archers who ſtood Guard at the Door of the Playhouſe, in ranging the Coaches in Order, received from a Coachman, more paſſionate than wiſe, ſome Strokes of a Whip, upon which he preſented his Piece charged with three Balls, and ſhot the Coachman; he was carried alive to the Hoſpital, but died the next Day. We learn from Durtal in the Dioceſe of Angers, that ſome ſacrilegious Thieves having entered the Church in the Night-time, forced open the Tabernacle on the Altar, took out the conſecrated Vaſes, and prophaned the Hoſt, Part of which was found on the Ground in the Veſtry, whence they had alſo taken a Silver Croſs and and other Ornaments. — People are taken up in this City daily, as Accomplices in forging falſe Contracts; they ſay, there are already 17 of theſe Folks now Priſoners in the Baſtile.

Our Letters from the Rhine ſay very little, they mark only, that on the 26th paſt, they made their laſt Foraging before Mayence, the Right to Marienborn, and the Left towards the Seltz, where every Thing paſſed quietly enough

enough and without any Loſs; that there was an Appearance, that the Army would not ſtay long in that Camp, eſpecially as all the Country is entirely foraged, except one Part about four Leagues on the Left; but the Troops were very much fatigued, as well becauſe of the many Guards for the Communication of the ſeveral Camps, as the diſtant Places they were obliged to forage.

Warſaw, July 20

The King having fixed the 16th Inſtant for giving Audience to the Primate, that Prelate repaired to Court the Day appointed, between the Hours of 11 and 12, and was received according to the Ceremonial we formerly mentioned: The Speech he made in the Poliſh Language was in Subſtance;

'That in vain does the Prudence and Power of Men oppoſe the Will and Decrees of God, by whom Kings are conſtituted; that for this reaſon he adored and ſubmitted to that ſupreme Will, by acknowledging his Majeſty for his lawful King and Lord; that tho' he had hitherto deferr'd diſcharging that Duty, he then made Amends for that Neglect by the Sincerity of his Homage and Submiſſion; that he was ſenſible his Majeſty would follow the Example of his moſt glorious Father, in never receding from the Love and Affection which that King his good Benefactor bore to the Country; but on the contrary, that his Majeſty would maintain to the utmoſt, its Rights and Privileges: that notwithſtanding his great Age and ill State of Health, which was impaired by a tedious Confinement, he would ſtill with a Heart full of Sincerity employ the Remainder of his Days for the Service of his Majeſty, and the Good of his Country; and prayed his Majeſty to eaſe his People, and to ſhew Favour and Mercy to thoſe of contrary Sentiments, as well as to thoſe who have ſubmitted, to the end that, by the goodneſs of Heaven, all Parties may join in Heart and Opinion; and laſtly, that he would never ceaſe pouring forth his moſt ardent Wiſhes to Heaven for his Majeſty's Proſperity, and for a long and happy Reign.

The King made the following Anſwer in French:

MR PRIMATE,

'I am overjoyed to ſee you reſtored to your full Liberty, and 'tis to me a ſincere Pleaſure to have procured it; be aſſured that I ſhall fulfil the Obligations I lie under of maintaining the Rights, Privileges, and Liberties of the Republick, and that I ſhall omit nothing to eſtabliſh Peace and Union in the Kingdom, and to make the People happy: To compaſs theſe Purpoſes, I hope, Mr. Primate you will favour me with your Advice; as for the Reſt you may depend upon my Affection.

After this Audience the Primate was introduced to the Queen, and had the Honour to dine with their Majeſties.

Conſtantinople, July 7. There has been a Report for ſome Days paſt, ſince the Arrival of an Expreſs from Perſia, That the Ottoman Army had been entirely defeated by the Perſian General Thamas Kouli Kan; which News has been ſince confirmed by another Expreſs with the following Particulars.

The 20th of laſt Moon, which anſwers to our 10th of June, Thamas Kouli Kan, left his Camp at the Head of 15,000 Men, and appeared in the Plain called Arpa Cairy, at ſome Diſtance from the Turkiſh Army, ſeemingly with an Intent to diſcover the Situation of it; which being perceived by the Seraſquier Kiuperly, he detached a Body of his beſt Cavalry to attack the Enemy; but after ſome ſlight Skirmiſhes, Kouli Kan yielded the Place to the Turks, and retired in good Order towards his Camp, which he placed on Purpoſe in Poſts ſeemingly diſadvantageous, that the Enemy thinking to gain a cheap Victory, might be induced to attack him; therefore pretending to be fearful of waiting for them in that Situation, he marched off, and retreated toward Revan; the Seraſquier and other Baſſas elated with this pretended Flight, purſued the Perſians very cloſe, till they came to a Place where the Perſian General had placed in Ambuſh two Bodies of his beſt Troops, the one in a Thicket, and the other in a Valley. Here the Turks were all of a ſudden attacked in Flank, by a General Diſcharge of all the Perſian Artillery, and in the Rear, by a Party of the Enemy, who ſallied from behind their Covering, to cut off their Retreat. On the other Hand, Kouli Kan ſeeing the good Succeſs of this Snare, faced about with the reſt of his Troops, and attacked the Turks, with ſo much Vigour, that their whole Army was ſoon routed with a moſt terrible Slaughter. The Particulars of the Loſs ſuſtained by the Ottomans, in this memorable Battle, are not yet known; but only in general, That they have been very great Sufferers, and that all their Cannon, Proviſions, Ammunitions of War, and Baggage, fell to the Conqueror. The Seraſquier Kiuperly, after he had two Horſes killed under him, fell to the Ground, and whether he is in the Number of the Slain, or made Priſoner of War, we know not. There were but three Baſſas who had the good Fortune to eſcape with a ſlender Attendance, viz. Demer Bacha, who is ſaid to be all covered with Wounds, Chivehiaz Muſtapha Bacha, and Gingali Bacha. Yeſterday a Grand Council was held in the Seraglio, in Preſence of the Sultan, wherein it was reſolved to nominate for the Preſent, Achmed Bacha Seraſquier, who is no leſs Famous for his Politeneſs and Literature, than for his Valour, in which he is thought to exceed all the other Baſſas; he was formerly Deputy-Governor of Babylon: The Grand Vifier, in the ſaid Council, offered to command the Army in Perſia; and the Grand Seignior declared his Readineſs to appear at the Head of his Troops, if there was Occaſion; adding, That he would lay open his Treaſures to recover the Glory of the Empire. They wait for the Arrival of ſome other Expreſſes from Perſia, to be informed of what paſſes there, that in Conſequence thereof, ſuitable Meaſures may be taken; and 'tis believed, that another Grand Council will be held to morrow in the Seraglio.

LONDON, Aug 2.

'Tis adviſed from Petersburg of the 6th paſt, that they had News by Expreſs from the Perſian Army, of the total Defeat of the Turks; and that Kouli Kan was marched towards Kars, a City in Armenia belonging to the Turks, to attack another Body of the ſame Troops retired under the Cannon of that Place.

From Koningsburg of the 29th, that King Staniſlaus had received an Expreſs with News that a Body of Tartars had already invaded Ruſſia, and that the Prince of Heſſe Homberg was in full March to oppoſe them.

'Tis added, that the Grandees at King Staniſlaus's Court were drawing up a Manifeſto to be publiſhed, ſhewing that the General Diet of Pacification, which is convoking, is contrary to the Conſtitutions of the Kingdom of Poland.

From Warſaw, that the Poliſh Miniſter ſent to Conſtantinople during the Interregnum, has acknowledged King Auguſtus, and that new Letters of Credence have been ſent him, ſo that they were impatient to hear whether he will be acknowledged in that Character at the Ottoman Porte.

The Primate of Poland enjoys perfect Health at Warſaw, and aſſiſts often in the Conferences which are held at Court on the Affairs of the Kingdom, and particularly what regards the General Diet of Pacification.

They 24th of June, being the Feaſt of St. John, whoſe Name the King of Portugal bears, Sir John Norris, Admiral of the Britiſh Fleet, had that Day Audience of the King of Portugal, accompanied by the Lord Tyrawley, Envoy Extraordinary of his Britannick Majeſty, and by all the Captains of the Fleet.

The ſay from Vienna, That the Turks had in the late Battle with the Perſians 80,000 Men, and that not above 8 or 9000 eſcaped.

CHARLES-TOWN, Nov. 22.

By private Letters from *London* to a Merchant in this Town we are inform'd, that his Majeſty out of his Roval Bounty lately has been pleaſed to pay the Paſſages of 100 *Switzers*, who are coming by the way of *Georgia*, to ſettle in the Townſhip of *Purysburgh*. A ſtrong Indication, that his Majeſty is reſolved to aſſert that Colony's Titles to thoſe Lands that are at preſent in Diſpute, if there is Occaſion.

By the ſame Letters we have Advice, that the Forces of the Allies preſſing too hard upon

upon the Emperor, and the *Dutch* being too backward in their Resolutions, it is now firmly believed *England* will engage in the present War to assist the Emperor.

CUSTOM-HOUSE, Charlestown,
Entred inwards.

Ship Unity, Henry Summer from Antigua.
Ship Bell, John Davis from New England.
Ship Mary Ann, Francis Walmsly from London.
Brigt. Whitfield, Joseph Harrison from Bristol.
Brigt. Edw. & Eliz Sam Parsons from St. Augustine.
Billander Adriatick, Wm. Hunay from New-York.
Sloop Adventure, Peter Kearney from Jamaica.

Entred out.

Ship Charles, James Reid for London.
Ship Mary Ann, Tho. Shubrick for ditto.
Billander Oliver, Sam Merchant for ditto.
Ship Success, James Orme for ditto.
Ship Hope, Daniel Reid for Cowes.
Ship William Wm. Vitry for Portugal.
Brigt. Edw & Eliz: Sam: Parsons for Antigua.
Scooner Neptune, Mansfield Tucker for St. Augustine.

Clear'd for Departure.

Ship Luna, John Payne to London.
Sloop Nottingham, Tho Parmyter to Jamaica
Sloop Neptune, Edw. Lightwood to ditto.

EXPORTED from this PLACE since *Nov* 1, 1735.
Rice 953 Barrels, & 12 Baggs Pitch 849, Tarr 48, Turpentine 417.

PRICES of the following GOODS

Rice 48 *s.*		Middl. ——	5 *l.*
Pitch per Barrel	40 *s.*	White ——	7 *l.*
Tar per Bar.	30 *s.*	Milk Bisket ——	10 *l.*
Turpentine per C.	14 *s.*	Ship Bread ——	4 *l.*
Indian Corn per B.	12 *s.* 6 *d.*	Salt per Bushel	10 *s.*
Skins per Pound	19 *s.* 9 *d.*	Wine per Pipe	75 *l.*
Flower per Hund.	3 *l.* 10 *s.*	Melasses per Hogsh.	10 *s.*
Brown Bread	3 *l.* 10 *s.*	Barbadoes Rum	12 *s.* 6. *d.*

Advertisements.

Just imported in the *Whitfield* Brigantine from *Bristol*, and to be sold by *Peter Horry* viz. 4. 6. 8. 10. & 20. d. nails, corn mills, short and tavern pipes, sash glasses, Glocester cheeses, womens shoes, iron pots, blew & white plains, strip'd dussils, & German steel, with sundry other useful goods on very reasonable terms.

THE Gentlemen of *Port-Royal* propose to shew 21 Cocks, give and take an Ounce, against the whole Province to fight in one Month after this Challenge is taken up, for 20 £. a Battle, and 100 £. the odd Battle. Whoever is inclined to enter the Lists, may article with Mr. *Thos Ellery* in *Charlestown*.

To the Gentlemen of Port-Royal.

THERE is at the House of Mr. *Ch: Shepheard* a muffled Cock, named BOUGRE DE SOT, that will fight against any Cock in the Province, give an Ounce and take an Ounce, for 100 £ Currency: Whoever has the *Punk* to take up the aforesaid *Bougre de Sot*, may come to the said *Shepheard*, and agree about Time and Place.

THESE are to give Notice to the Members of St. ANDREW's Club, that on Monday the 1st Day of *December* next, the Anniversary Meeting will be held at the House of Mr. *Chas Shepheard* Vintner in *Charles-Town*.
JAMES MICHIE, *Secr.*

THESE are to acquaint all Persons, that they may be supply'd by Thomas Walker, *who lives about 6 miles from* Charlestown *up* Wando *River, with Pine timber, boards & plank of what dimensions they please, for Vessels & houses, and the best sort of Pine, likewise good Masts and Yards of what dimensions they please, at a reasonable Price.*

René Ravenel hath Occasion of a Tanner and Currier, any Person who wants to be employ'd in that Business, may agree with him at his Plantation in St. *John's* Parish or with *Isaac Mazyck* jun. in *Charlestown*.

Just imported in the *Charles Galley* Capt. *Reid* from *London*, and to be sold by JAMES CROKATT, great choice of almost every kind of European Goods, *viz.* rich brocades, fine fanns, ribbons, and all kinds of Velvet and other caps, hoops, stays and jumps and every other kind of millenary ware, ready made clothes for men and women of cloth, plain and silk camblet, drugget, whitney &c. Books on various Subjects, great choice of china ware, best Batavia Arrack, Citron, Raisins, Currans, & Spices, oyl and pickles, brooms & brushes, tin, pewter, brass and iron ware of most kinds, hatts, shoes, boots, cloggs & slippers, stockings, short cloaks, cutlary ware of all kinds, whips, canes, swords, cutteaus, cutlasses, guns and pistols, grindstones, cornmills & rice sieves; also most kinds of Medicines, Port & Claret wine, butter, tallow and candles.

And whereas there is a great Variety of European goods advertized to be sold by several in *Gazette Numb* 92 the Readers are desired to take notice, that not only all those kinds of goods there named, but above 500 Articles not mentioned there, nor to be had of others, are to be sold at the lowest prices by *James Crokatt.*

Just imported in the Ship *Charles, James Reid* Commander from *London*, and to be sold by *William Lasserre*, blew plains, strip'd dussils, fine oznabrigs, 7 eight 3 fourth garlix, platilloes, checkt linnen, ell wide sheeting linnen, single and double refin'd sugar, green and bohea tea in canisters, coffee, Jamaica and black pepper, spices, ginger, currans and raisins, all sorts of brooms, brushes and mopps with sticks, new fashion candlesticks and snuffers, men women boys and girls stockings, either silk worsted & thread, all sorts of threads, white starch, powder blue, indigo, hair powder, most sorts of shott & bulletts, gun powder sundry sorts, best flints, Florence oyl, small casks of 2. 4. 6. 8. 10. 20. d. nails. In short great many other Articles too tedious to insert here, and by an exact Computation amounting to 501 more Articles, amongst which believe there is some of the 500 Articles advertized in last Gazette.

To be Sold

ON Credit, a Tract of 960 Acres of excellent planting Land, fronting and pleasantly scituated on *Sheepo* River, and all almost surrounded by a navigable Creek, about 100 Acres of it is cleared, and has been planted one Year only, there are Buildings and Improvements upon it convenient and proper for a Rice Plantation. Whoever has a mind to purchase the said Plantation may treat with
BENJ. WHITAKR.

To be Sold

A Plantation called *Hampstead*, distant from *Charlestown* 5 Miles, with a good Dwelling house and all other Conveniencies, for the Reception of any Family, a large Garden, well paled in, with an Avenue of Orange Trees therein, as also an Orchard, consisting of Quince, Apple, Peach and Nectarine Trees, the whole Plantation under good and sufficient Cedar Post and Rail Fences. Any person inclinable to purchase the same, may treat with Mr. *John Chevillet* at the said Plantation, or in Town at Mr. *Wm: Lasserre's*.

Just imported *in the* Charles, *Capt.* Reid *from* London, *and to be sold by* Crokatt & Seaman, *broad cloaths, shalloons & trimmings, druggets, duroys, camblets, tallamancoes, & mens ready made cloaths, hollands, & cambricks, & shoes of all sorts, felt and castor hatts, double and single refin'd sugar, green and bohea tea, and arrack, spices, currants, & raisins, sallat oyl, & pickles, looking glasses, dressing tables, tea kettles, & corn mills, glass and horn lanthorns, dogs, shovells, tongs, & brooms, hoes, guns, swords, and cutlasses, plays, hoops, & silks of sundry kinds, worsted damasks, velvets, mens & womens stockings, edgings & laces, saddles & bridles* &c. *with great variety of other European goods lately imported per the* Duchess, *apt.* Seaman.

All Persons indebted to *Wm. Mckenzie* are desired to pay off their respective Debts, by the first of *February* next ensuing, otherwise they will be sued without further Notice by *Charles Pinckney* Esq; And all Persons who have any demands on the said *Mckenzie*, are desired to bring in their Accounts, that they may be paid off.